

# WaterFARMING

Improvement of water and nutrient retention and use efficiency in arable farming systems from field to catchment scale in Europe and North Africa Common Kick-off meet in Stockholm



### Consortium

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### CONSORTIUM



## MOTIVATION

### State-of-the-art and the relevance of project

- In the EU, ~50% of the water resources do not meet WFD targets due to pollution from agriculture and industry
- Agriculture accounts for 25-80% of total water use in the EU and North Africa
- Excessive and inappropriate timing of fertilizers/manure use cause nutrient loss into the ground water/water bodies
- Climate change is predicted to result in 30% reductions and increased uncertainty in rainfall
- Overexploitation of ground water for irrigation has caused salinization leading to soil degradation and loss of fertility

## **OBJECTIVES**

- Enhance retention and use efficiencies of water and nutrients at field, farm and catchment scale in a network of production systems in Europe and North Africa
- Identification of environmental, economic and social SMART indicators to evaluate the production systems
- Design innovative practices and sustainable water and nutrient use production systems
- Develop a web-based decision support tool for informeddecision making by farmers, advisory services and policymakers



WP6: Project Coordination



Figure 1: Relationship between WPs in WaterFARMING Green: WPs flow Blue: Stakeholders Red: Systems and scale



# Network of production systems

Country	Production systems	Research issues							
Denmark	combined food and energy production	Water use, nutrient inputs and soil fertility							
Germany	Barley-rye-rapeseed-Maize	nitrogen and phosphorus fertilizer management							
Netherlands	potato-winter wheat-onion rotation	optimal water management, spring and summer droughts							
Portugal	maize- potato/peas/ryegrass (irrigated)	Water and nutrient use efficiency and drought							
Italy	olive trees intercropped with wheat	drought, soil erosion, landslides, flooding events							
Egypt	cotton/maize – wheat/vegetables/beans	drought, water logging, salinity, evapotranspiration							
Tunisia	wheat - fodder(cereal/legume mixture)	drought, salinity, soil fertility, groundwater depletion							

/ate



WP1	Network of	of produ	iction sy	Start	End Month	: 36	
	stakeholde	r platfo	rms in E	Month:			
	North Africa						
Lead/Partne	UCPH	UFZ	NARS	CNR	WU	FFCUL	CERTE
rs			S				
Person-	3	1	2	2	1	1	2
Months							

#### **Objectives**

- 1. Description of a network of production systems and catchments
- 2. Formation of local stakeholder platforms associated with each study site
- 3. Development of a working protocol for stakeholder involvement



WP 2	Assessment of	of water a	nd nutrien	Start Month:		End Month: 36		
	efficiency fro	om field to	catchmen	1				
	scale							
Lead/Partn	WU	UFZ	NARSS	CNR		UCPH	FFCUL	CERTE
er								
Person- Months	16	2	4	4		10	1	5

#### **Objectives**

- 1. Develop and validate a crop model approach for our network of production systems
- 2. Determine water and nutrient use efficiencies, gaps therein and leakages of the production systems
- 3. Develop and validate a hybrid model approach that links field to catchment scale



WP 3	D	Development	of indica	tors for	Start Month:		End Month: 36		
	pı	roductivity,	environm	ental and	1				
	ec	conomic per	formance						
Lead/Part	Lead/Partn UCPH UFZ NARSS C		CNR		WU	FFCUL	CERTE		
er									
Person-		7	1	า	2		2	1	15
Months		1	1	2	Z		2	1	13

#### Objectives

1. Development of a comprehensive list of productivity, environmental and economic indicators

2. Identification of SMART indicators for the assessment of the network of production systems

3. Mapping of the production system efficiencies at catchment scale based on WaterFARMING indicators



WP 4	<b>Design of</b>	innovati	ive water a	Start N	Aonth:	End Month: 36		
	nutrient e	fficient	production	1				
Lead/Partn	UCPH	UFZ	NARSS	CNR	WU FFCU		_	CERTE
Person-								
Months	3	6	2	2	1	1		2

#### **Objectives:**

- 1. Simulation of management measures by application of field-to-catchment scale indicators developed in WP3 and use of the map developed in WP2
- 2. Analysis and short listing of different measures in consultation with the stakeholder platforms
- 3. Carry out on-farm trials for improvement water, nutrient and soil conserving practices in the network of production systems
- 4. Assessment of on-farm trials with the stakeholder platforms for gaps and improvements



WP 5	Dis	sseminat	tion of	outputs	Start Mon	th: 1	End Month: 36		
	an	d comm	unicat	ion to					
	stakeholders								
Lead/Pa	ead/Par UCPH UFZ NA		NARSS	CNR	WU	FFCUL	CERTE		
tner									
Person- Months		3	1	5	1	1	1	5	

#### **Objectives:**

WP5 will devise communication pathways and dissemination materials to share the results of the project with the stakeholder platforms and the wider farming and enduser community, via awareness creation, publications, workshops and online tools for informed decision making by hierarchy of stakeholders (farmers, extension services and policy makers). A decision support tool will be developed to synthesize the innovative tools



WP 6	Project Co-	Start Mon 1	th:	End Month: 36				
<b>Lead</b> /Partner	UCPH	UFZ	NARSS	CNR	WU		FFCUL	CERTE
Person- Months	6	1	8	1	1		1	1

#### **Objectives:**

- 1. To facilitate communication among all parties and actors involved in the project
- 2. To ensure high scientific quality of the deliverables
- 3. Effective kick-off meeting and project coordination meetings
- 4. Formation of advisory board to provide feedback and future direction on project activities



### WaterFARMING Innovative elements

- WaterFARMING will adopt an innovative case-study approach by bringing together a network of locally relevant production systems in Europe and N. Africa
- The consortium represents a wide range of geographical regions and land-use systems with complementary roles and multi-disciplinary expertise
- Exchange of researcher visits, students, online and campus courses, will enhance the visibility of the project outputs far beyond the project countries
- The partnership will be hub for connecting with other researchers in the region and establishing long term research collaboration in soil and water pollution issues
- The consortium will identify gaps in their own prioritized issues of water and soil pollution relevant to the local production systems by use of innovative methods and tools from field to catchment scale
- WaterFARMING will develop a common set of tools to quantify water and nutrient use efficiency from field to catchment scales across a wide variety of production systems taking environmental, social and economic indicators of sustainability into account

